

Computing total yard(s) of concrete for common geometric shapes:

Circle and/or Columns

Use work sheet in conjunction with Math Cheat Sheet.

First convert all measurements to feet.

Converting inches into feet:

$$4" \div 12" = .33', 6" \div 12" = .50', 8" \div 12" = .66' \text{ etc.}$$

The Formula Used:

$$\pi \times R^2 \times H \div 27 = \text{Total Yard(s) of concrete.}$$

$$R \text{ _____ } \times R \text{ _____ } = R^2 \text{ _____}$$

$$\pi \text{ _____ } \times R^2 \text{ _____ } = \text{Area _____}$$

$$\text{Height of column} = H \text{ _____}$$

$$\text{Area _____ } \times H \text{ _____ } = \text{CF _____}$$

$$\text{Cubic Feet} \div 27 \text{ (cubic feet per one yard)} = \text{Total Yard(s) of concrete.}$$

$$CF \text{ _____ } \div 27 \text{ _____ } = TY \text{ _____}$$

This is the exact amount of concrete.

The amount of concrete ordered must reflect the variations in grade and the needs for edges and floating.

$$\pi \times D = \text{Linear Measure (form material in feet needed)}$$